

21254

**B. Sc. (Math) (Hons.) 2nd Semester
Examination – May, 2019
DISCRETE MATHEMATICS - II**

Paper : BHM-124

Time : Three hours]

[Maximum Marks : 60

Before answering the questions, candidates should ensure that they have been supplied the correct and complete question paper. No complaint in this regard, will be entertained after examination.

Note : Attempt *five* questions in all, selecting *one* question from each Unit. Question No. 9 is *compulsory*.

UNIT - I

1. (a) Let (L, \leq) be a lattice. If $a, b, c \in L$, then
 - (i) $a \vee (b \wedge c) \leq (a \vee b) \wedge (a \vee c)$
 - (ii) $a \wedge (b \vee c) \leq (a \wedge b) \vee (a \wedge c)$
- (b) Let a, b, c be the elements in a lattice (L, \leq) . Show that if $a \leq b$, then $a \vee (b \wedge c) \leq b \wedge (a \vee c)$.
2. (a) Let (L, \leq) be a distributive lattice. Show that if $a \wedge x = a \wedge y$ and $a \vee x = a \vee y$ for some a , then $x = y$.

P. T. O.

- (b) Consider the set $A = \{k, l, m, n, p\}$ and the corresponding relation $R = \{(k, k), (l, l), (m, m), (n, n), (p, p), (k, m), (k, l), (k, n), (k, p), (m, n), (m, p), (n, p), (l, p)\}$. Construct the directed graph and the corresponding Hasse diagram of this partial order.

UNIT - II

3. (a) Let D_{35} be the set of +ve factors of 35. Two binary operations '+' and '.' are defined as follows $a + b = \text{LCM}(a, b)$ and $a \cdot b = \text{gcd}(a, b) \forall a, b \in D_{35}$. A unary operation (') on D_{35} is defined as $a' = \frac{35}{a} \forall a \in D_{35}$. Show that $(D_{35}, +, \cdot, ', 35)$ is a Boolean algebra.
 - (b) Write the dual of each of the following statements in $(B, +, \cdot, ')$
 - (i) $[(a'+b) \cdot (b'+c)] \cdot (a'c)' = 0$
 - (ii) $a \cdot b' + b = a + b$
 - (iii) $a + [(b' + a) \cdot b]' = 1$
4. (a) Write the function $f(x, y, z) = (x + y) \cdot (x + y') \cdot (x' + z)$ be given boolean function, find its disjunctive normal form.
 - (b) Given the Boolean expression $f = ABC + B\bar{C}D + \bar{A}BC$.
 - (i) Make a truth Table
 - (ii) Simplify using K-map
 - (iii) Make the switching circuit of the expression.

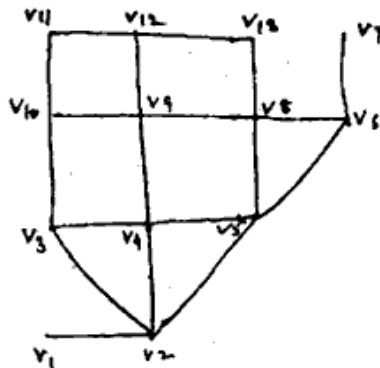
(2)

UNIT - III

5. (a) Show that there is no graph with 12 vertices and 28 edges in which the degree of each vertex is either 3 or 6.
 (b) Show that K_5 is a non-planer graph.
6. (a) Write an algorithm for the shortest path problem
 (b) A finite graph G has an Euler circuit if and only if it is connected and all vertices have even degree.

UNIT - IV

7. (a) Define the following
 (i) M-ary tree
 (ii) Full m-ary tree
 (iii) Full Binary tree
 (iv) Complete Binary tree
 (b) Write a short note on Prim's Algorithm
8. (a) Use depth first search to find the spanning tree of the following connected graph G .



(3)

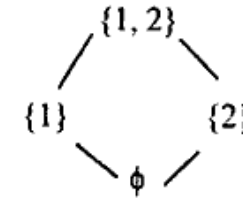
P. T. O.

- (b) Draw the unique binary tree for the given in order and post order traversal

In order	4	6	10	12	8	2	1	5	7	11	13	9	3
Post Order	12	10	8	6	4	2	13	11	9	7	5	3	1

UNIT - V

9. (a) Simplify the following Boolean expression
 $[a(a+b) + (b'+a)b]'$
 (b) Define Bounded Lattices with example.
 (c) Consider the Hasse diagram given below. Determine the value of set A and also determine the set R (Relation set).



- (d) Using Euler's theorem, find the size of the complete bipartite graph $K_{m,n}$.
 (e) Find the adjacency matrices of $K_{2,3}$.
 (f) If $T_1 = (V_1, E_1)$, $T_2 = (V_2, E_2)$ be two trees, where $|E_1| = 17$ and $|V_2| = 2|V_1|$. Determine $|V_1|$, $|V_2|$ and $|E_2|$.

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